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DEPARTMENT OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
CORRECTIONS BRANCH

ANNUAL REPORT
of the
CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS
SUPERINTENDENT

*

April 1, 1968 - March 31, 1969

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ANNUAL REPORT

of the

CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS SUPERINTENDENT

April 1, 1968 to March 31, 1969

The year under review was one which produced few changes of a significant nature pending completion of "The Report of the Alberta Penology Study" which was published November 10, 1968. Major construction projects were postponed, however routine renovations and essential alterations continued.

The juvenile situation at Bowden was improved by the addition of six portable classrooms. The classroom space thus released was converted to form four dormitories, thus relieving the overcrowding which had existed. It is now possible to provide adequate living accommodation for one hundred boys, which number is often reached. Unfortunately, recreational facilities and dining room area cannot be extended and an unsatisfactory condition must be accepted in these areas for the time being. This problem, however, will be alleviated with the transfer of juvenile care to the Department of Social Development and closing of the present juvenile institution by August of 1970.

Construction of a new gymnasium and workshops for the Bowden adult institution is essential as the present building is in poor condition. Provision has been made in

1970/71 estimates to commence construction of new buildings for this purpose and also to perform essential renovations and updating of the main building.

At Calgary the space vacated through construction of a new administrative wing was converted to use as an academic classroom and two dormitories. This reduced the overcrowding in other areas and provided more spacious accommodation for academic training which will be discussed elsewhere.

No construction was carried out at Fort Saskatchewan during the year, however the security of the remand area was improved by screening the tiers and installing additional gates. Future plans call for the installation of additional security facilities, closed circuit television, an auto body repair shop, a new gymnasium and renovations to various mechanical services.

At Lethbridge Provincial Gaol an extensive program of remodelling and renovation was commenced. It now appears that this old institution will serve usefully and efficiently for years to come provided that numbers of inmates remain at present levels.

Peace River Correctional Institution was officially opened on April 6, 1968. This institution is one of the most modern and up to date in existence, and should require little or no expenditure for new construction and renovation for many years to come. In order to complete the initial

1970/71 estimates to commence construction of new buildings for this purpose and also for partial secondary renovations and updating of the main buildings.

At Calgary the space vacated through amalgamation of a new coeducational high school converted to use as an academic classroom and lab dormitories. This released the overcrowding in other areas and provided more spacious accommodation for academic facilities which will be discussed elsewhere.

No construction was carried out at Lethbridge during the year, however the security of the present areas was improved by screening the fires and installing additional gates. Future plans call for the installation of additional security facilities, closed circuit television, an auto body repair shop, a new gymnasium and renovations to various permanent services.

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building program, however, it will be necessary to construct a root house and a greenhouse as gardening and landscaping will provide a portion of the work and training program.

PERSONNEL

The staff situation at the end of the year was as indicated in the chart at page 21. There was an increase in establishment of 34 personnel over the previous year while actual strength increased by 47 members. At the same time terminations increased by 48 members while engagements increased by 93, resulting in a slightly more favourable personnel position than that of the previous year. Recruiting generally is more encouraging as is retention of employees. This may be attributed to more favourable salary ranges, an area in which we must strive to remain competitive.

Statistics in relation to the reasons for termination of employment and class of employee leaving the service are shown on pages 19 and 20. It is natural that the greater number of terminations should involve Correction Officers as these constitute the greatest number of staff. Also there were a number of university students employed during summer vacation who terminated to return to university. A review of the personnel statistics indicates a much more favourable staff situation which appears to be improving consistently.

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Personnel

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Staff Training

Staff training was carried on at all institutions through periodic in-service training courses and on-the-job instruction. Specialized instruction in the problems of drugs and alcohol was provided at some institutions through the auspices of the Alcohol Division of the Department of Health. A number of staff were also given specialized training in various areas including first aid, fire prevention and crowd control.

Up to the present, training programs have been presented on an institutional level without any central coordinator. While this has been satisfactory in the past the growth of the organization, the increasing sophistication of crime and new concepts of penology demand a new approach to staff training. Future plans of this Department include the appointment of a Training Coordinator and development of a coordinated program for all institutions.

INMATE TREATMENT

Education

Inmate treatment programs are under constant review. Procedures are ever changing and services increasing.

There is provision at this time for full-time qualified school teachers at all institutions other than

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Belmont Rehabilitation Centre which is a short term institution and Nordegg Forestry Camp which is also a special operation not adapted to academic programs.

Vocational training is introduced to some extent at all institutions, however Bowden Institution for young adults is a specialized institution primarily oriented toward vocational and academic training. During the year 280 young offenders were transferred to Bowden from the other institutions. One hundred and ninety of these were assigned to vocational training courses with results as indicated hereunder.

Shop	Enrolled	Removed	Attempted 1st Year	Pass	Fail	Present Enrolled
Auto Body	28	17	4	4	-	8
Barbering	13	2	3	3	-	5
Carpentry	28	15	12	11	1	5
Cooking & Baking	27	7	5	4	1	9
Motor Mechanic	33	16	6	3	3	11
Sheet Metal	14	1	9	8	1	4
Welding	47	14	13	12	1	17
TOTAL	190	72	52	45	7	59

Vocational training is being introduced at other institutions. Barber training has been initiated at Calgary and Lethbridge Provincial Gaols and is planned for Peace River in the near future. Fort Saskatchewan plans call for the introduction of Auto Body Repair Training in 1970.

Medical Services

Health services were provided, as in previous years, through contract agreement with local physicians and dentists.

Psychiatric referrals were made wherever indicated and a total of 91 inmates were transferred to Alberta Hospital for more detailed mental examination and treatment.

A broader policy in respect to the provision of prosthetic appliances was approved during the year, resulting in the supplying of dentures and spectacles in all cases where this treatment was indicated by professional advice.

The health services policy now provides for all necessary treatment required to improve an inmate's prospect of effective rehabilitation.

Religious Services

The spiritual needs of inmates were adequately met at all institutions through the employment of six full-time chaplains covering the larger institutions and part time and volunteer chaplains at the smaller institutions. Special mention should be made of the extra effort put forth by these dedicated clergymen in providing extra counselling sessions, introducing community groups for chorals and other services too numerous to detail.

PRISON POPULATION

Total population of all institutions on March 31, 1969 was the highest on record for that date, being 1,619, an increase of fifteen over the same date in 1968. A graph reproduced on page 26 shows the consistent rise in prison population from the year 1955 to the present. It is of interest to reflect that fifteen years ago the total inmate population in Alberta was only 665 whereas this year reached a figure 954 greater. During the interval accommodation has been increased by the construction of a new dormitory at Fort Saskatchewan (capacity 100), construction of Calgary Provincial Gaol (capacity approximately 430), Peace River Correctional Institution (capacity 160). The introduction of forestry camps with a total capacity of approximately three hundred also assists in providing for the increase.

The available accommodation in provincial prisons is occasionally taxed beyond capacity and undesirable overcrowding occurs. At other times the population will decrease inexplicably. This effect is shown in the chart reproduced on page 23 which depicts the daily average population at all institutions throughout the year. It will be observed that the population varied month by month from a high of 1,626 in July, 1968 to a low of 1,474 in December, 1968.

This graph shows, as an included figure, the daily average population of the forestry camps. It will be noted

that this figure varied from a high of 270 in July to a low of 150 in December. This variation is attributable to the necessity for closing some forestry camps during extremely unfavourable weather. There is, however, a continuing trend to keeping camps open for longer periods or year round as equipment techniques and locations improve.

The daily average population of each individual institution, seven in number, is shown on pages 24 and 25.

It will be observed that Calgary Provincial Gaol was substantially overcrowded throughout the year with populations exceeding 500 in July, August, and September. The lowest population of 470 occurred in April. If it were not for the fact that three forestry camps remained in operation throughout the year the situation would have been very difficult. It will be noted that these camps provided accommodation for forty to sixty inmates throughout the year. As an illustration of their value, observe the situation in July, 1968 when the total population was 520. At that time sixty inmates were in forestry camps leaving 460 in the gaol proper. As the capacity is estimated at 430 the situation was difficult but not impossible, as it may have been had we not had the extra capacity provided through the mobile camps.

Fort Saskatchewan Provincial Gaol attained its highest daily average population during April, 1968 when it was approximately 525. In this case it will also be noted

that considerable relief from overcrowding was effected by year round operation of the forestry camps. Also the official opening of Peace River Correctional Institution on April 1, 1968 commenced to relieve the situation at Fort Saskatchewan with increasing effectiveness. This influence is becoming more pronounced as we proceed through the current fiscal year.

Lethbridge Provincial Gaol shows a continuing decline in population (as predicted in previous reports). The high point was reached in June when the total population was approximately 245. The low point of approximately 175 occurred in January, 1969. The decline continues through the current year and has declined as low as 100 inmates in recent months.

Peace River population rose from a low of less than forty on opening to a high of approximately eighty-five in March, 1969. This increase of population has continued and at present this institution is operating near its rated capacity of 160. No problem is foreseen in this regard as it is our belief that the capacity is considerably under-rated and could be increased to approximately 200 with no decline in standards or efficiency. As indicated above, this institution has provided considerable relief to the overcrowding at Fort Saskatchewan. The situation at the latter institution continues to improve and the population is now within more acceptable limits.

The estimated capacity of Nordegg Forestry Camp

is approximately 130 including the base camp and three mobile forestry camps. It will be noted that the population fluctuates considerably reaching a high during the summer months when forestry activities are at their peak and declining during the winter season when weather sometimes forces the closing of mobile camps.

Bowden Institution, primarily a vocational training school for young offenders, maintains a fairly static population level. As noted in the appropriate graph this figure varied from 140 to 160 during the year under review.

Belmont Rehabilitation Centre has rarely approached its rated capacity of 126. During the year 1968/69 it will be noted that the population varied from a low of 64 to a high of 104. As this institution has been devoted exclusively to treatment of inmates with an alcoholic problem the number of prospective inmates was considerably curtailed by selection criteria, inmate preferences, and location in that inmates of institutions outside of the immediate vicinity of Edmonton are generally reluctant to leave their home area. This situation has been improved in recent months through a broader selection policy and the inclusion of young offenders on day parole. At present population is near peak capacity and there is a waiting list for admissions.

STATISTICAL RETURNS

Inmate statistical returns are reproduced on pages 27 to 41. Total admissions to all institutions totalled 19,309, an increase of 220 over the previous year. The daily average population was also slightly higher at 1,305 over 1,285 in 1967/68.

Once again Calgary Provincial Gaol experienced the greatest number of admissions at 7,460 as compared with 6,489 at Fort Saskatchewan the next highest daily average population at 492. This situation is a relatively recent trend which was not anticipated.

First offenders admitted during the year increased by 309 while recidivists admitted increased by 295.

It is of interest at this time to note that 260 admissions were sixteen years or less. In the event that the age of male juveniles is raised from sixteen years to seventeen years it may be anticipated that this group will be added to the responsibility of the Department of Social Development.

Inmates admitted under the Narcotic Control Act totalled 103 as compared with 44 in 1967/68, none in 1966/67. This is a new type of offender in Alberta Provincial Institutions and creates new problems which require new methods of custody, treatment and training of staff. The emphasis being given to this problem at all levels of

government and private agencies is indeed helpful in furthering staff awareness of the importance of this aspect of our responsibilities.

Sentences served during the year totalled 13,367. It should be noted that this does not indicate the total number of persons serving sentences as one person may have served several sentences either concurrently or consecutively.

It is, however, important to note that approximately 62 percent of all sentences were for less than thirty days. More than 90 percent served less than six months which, under the new remission table, involves a maximum sentence of less than four months.

It should also be noted that 75 percent of those serving sentences have attained less than Grade Ten academic level. These factors mitigate heavily against the introduction of extensive or sophisticated training programs which are sometimes proposed.

Forty inmates escaped custody during the year. Only fourteen of these were from Bowden Institution and Nordegg Forestry Camp, both of which are open institutions. All those who escaped were recovered. The greater number of escapes from the secure prisons were from Fort Saskatchewan. These totalled eighteen as compared with seven from Calgary and one from Lethbridge. A review of this situation emphasized many weaknesses in physical plant security. These have been

corrected as far as feasible, bearing in mind the obsolesence of the overall facility. Closed circuit television has been installed in vulnerable areas to improve surveillance, physical security hardware has been strengthened where weaknesses existed and construction of improved guardroom security is under way.

The total number of offences disposed of through imprisonment in provincial gaols was 18,935, of which 10,543 were for offences against Provincial Statutes of which 8242 were for intoxication and other offences against the Liquor Control Act. New liquor legislation recently introduced is resulting in a noticeable decrease in committals for liquor offences. Since liquor offences have traditionally provided 50 percent or more of prison population we hopefully look forward to a significant decrease in this area in the future.

Two hundered and fifteen inmates were released on parole during this period. This was an increase from 177 during the previous year. Recently more liberal parole policies have been introduced by the Federal authorities and we are now admitting many inmates to day parole and temporary releases. Experience in this area to date has been very favourable and prospects for expansion of this activity are encouraging.

PRISON INDUSTRY

Finding meaningful employment for large numbers of men whose freedom has been restricted by a sentence of

imprisonment presents a continuing challenge to prison administrators. It is our objective to provide every man with some occupational interest which will fulfill the need for a sense of accomplishment and participation in a worthwhile project. Unlike industry in a free enterprise which are able to tailor the labour force to their production needs, prison authorities commence with a fixed labour force and must devise industry to occupy it.

Every institution has a need for labour to provide institutional services. Such areas as food services, housekeeping, gardening, greenhouse and root house operation and other maintenance services are an assured source of employment for a considerable number of men.

Wherever possible prison industry serves as a source of vocational training. In this respect we have, for example, introduced barber training at four institutions where inmates may qualify for a Provincial Trade Proficiency Certificate. In other cases inmates are learning skills in horticulture, cooking, vehicle maintenance, woodworking and to a limited extent power house operation.

Forestry camp operations are a major industry at this time, employing in excess of 300 men at peak periods. There are twelve mobile forestry camps located along the Rocky Mountain Watershed from the Crowsnest Pass as far north as Footner Lake near the northern border of the province. The

camps are administered as follows:

Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	-	One
Calgary Provincial Gaol	-	Four
Bowden Institution & Nordegg	-	Three
Fort Saskatchewan Provincial Gaol	-	Two
Peace River Correctional Institution	-	Two

As indicated, these camps, including the fixed base camp at Nordegg, have a capacity of three hundred or more inmates. During the year under review the daily average population of all these camps varied from 270 in September to 150 in December.

Work performed in forestry camps is assigned by the Forestry Branch of the Department of Lands and Forests and in two cases camps have been assigned to duties on behalf of the Parks Branch.

Typical of the work performed was that of the service camps operating out of Nordegg Townsite. Sixty-three miles of forestry road were widened, cleared of brush and brush burned. Cord wood salvaged from these operations was cut for use in the many tourist campsites established in the area.

Inmates and staff participated in fire fighting operations involved in ten forest fires. Eighty acres of burn were cleared in one area and three thousand tree seedlings planted. In another area 13,775 seedlings were planted and ninety acres of dense pine growth was trimmed. In yet another area 51,940 seedlings were planted. In addition to these duties a large number of pine cones were picked for seed.

The foregoing is but an indication of the nature and extent of the work performed in forestry camps. The nature of the work required and the extent of it is virtually unlimited. There is probably no other area of the prison system which provides a greater sense of worth and achievement and contributes so many worthwhile services to society.

Farming has provided a valuable employment outlet in the past and has contributed considerable revenue. This phase of industry has now been eliminated and all livestock sold and the major portions of ~~each~~ land returned to the Department of Public Works for disposal. The statistical report reproduced on pages 52 to 56 will therefore be the last. Vegetable production will continue at most institutions.

A modern canning plant operates at Lethbridge Provincial Gaol where 24,544 gallons of vegetables were canned for use in all of the institutions. This operation employs twenty men during the canning season, however, since this is a short season the contribution to employment is not significant on a yearly basis.

The license plate plant at Fort Saskatchewan employs up to sixty men. It produces approximately 1,500,000 license plates annually which are valued at approximately $200,000.

Unfortunately, in order to provide an occupation for as many as possible, it is necessary to overstaff some areas of employment. This is not in the best interests of job training, development of job satisfaction or encouragement

of good work habits.

It is therefore necessary to seek additional work outlets particularly in the area of providing goods and services to other governmental agencies. In this respect we are receiving increasing responsibilities from the Department of Lands and Forests which encourages an increased forestry camp program.

EXPENDITURE REPORT, ADULT INSTITUTIONS

A report covering operating expenditure is reproduced on page 42. This does not include capital or depreciation. There is an increase in the net operating total of $1,125,509.57 or more than 25 percent over the previous year. This is no doubt attributable in large measure to increased salaries and increased staff as well as higher cost of goods and services.

EXPENDITURE REPORT, JUVENILE INSTITUTIONS

The expenditure report for the juvenile institutions is reproduced on page 43. It will be noted that there was a substantial increase in operating cost in these institutions also, no doubt for the same reasons as in the adult institutions.

JUVENILE INSTITUTIONS STATISTICS

Statistics for the male juvenile institution at Bowden and the Alberta Institution for Girls in Edmonton are included herein on pages 44 to 51.

On May 1, 1969 supervision of these institutions was transferred from the jurisdiction of the Superintendent of Correctional Institutions to the Su erintendent of Juvenile Offenders and Adult Probation. On August 1, 1970 supervision of juveniles will be transferred to the Department of Social Development.

During the year 1968/69 there was little change in the population pattern of these two institutions. Daily average population of Alberta Institution for Girls and the male institution in 1967/68 was 56.76 and 57.9 respectively while in 1968/69 it was 54.27 and 76.07.

STAFF TURNOVER

April 1, 1968 - March 31, 1969

Clerk-Stenographer I-II	2
Clerk Typist I-II	1
School Principal	2
Institution Superintendent	1
Teacher	3
Cook III	2
Correction Officer I	98
Correction Officer II	2
Correction Officer III	1
Seamstress	1
Barber Instructor	1
Gardener III	1
Beauty Parlor Operator	1
Warden	1
Total	117

STAFF TURNOVER

April 1, 1968 - March 31, 1969

REASONS

Other Employment	36
Retired: Age limit	6
Terminated	8
Summer Employee	17
Transferred to Another Department	5
Health Reasons	12
Deceased	1
Personal/Domestic Reasons	11
To Further Education	6
Did not like Shift Work	2
Did not like type of work	5
Unsuitable/Incompatible	6
Reasons Unknown	2
Total	117

Personnel Position for the
Year Ending March 31, 1969

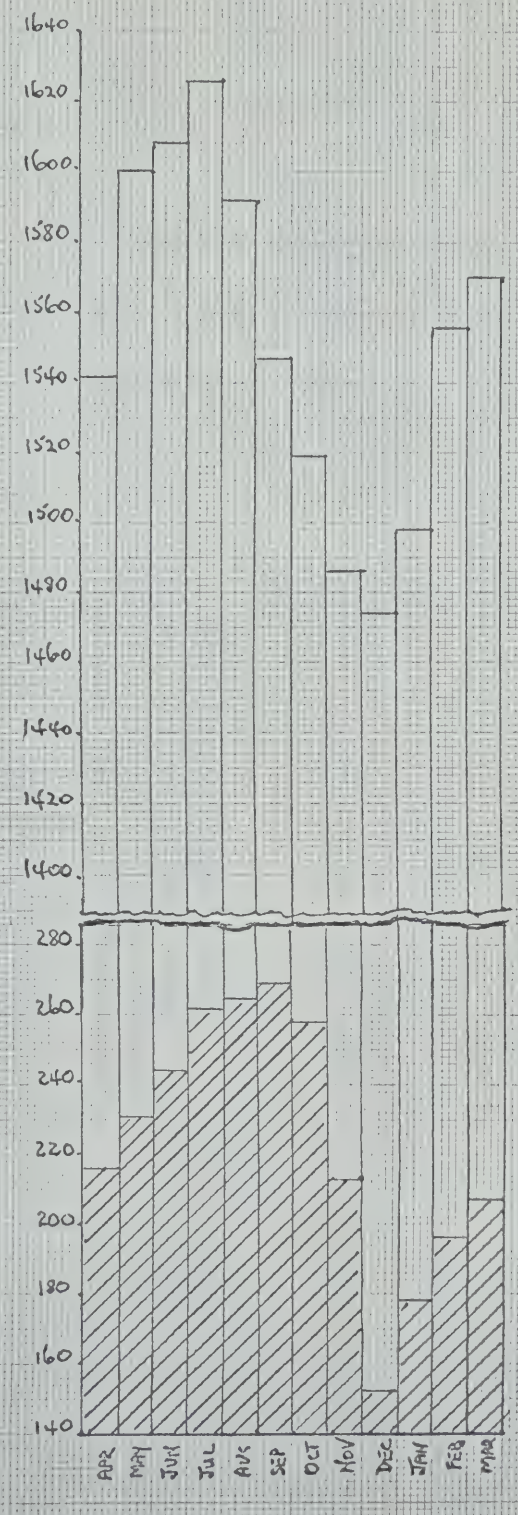
	Establishment	Strength	Terminations	Engagements
A.I.G.	74	63	8	5
Belmont Rehabilitation Centre	52	51	3	8
Bowden Institution	102	97	10	5
Nordegg Forestry Camp	39	29	6	6
Calgary Provincial Gaol	142	127	20	27
Fort Saskatchewan Prov. Gaol	172	160	47	69
Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	75	73	13	15
Peace River Correctional Institution	68	52	10	21
	724	652	117	156

STAFF ESTIMATES 1970/71

	BELMONT	BOWDEN	CALGARY	FORT SASK.	LETHBRIDGE	PEACE RIVER
Assistant Deputy Warden	-	-	2	3	3	3
Correction Officer III	3	3	1	1	-	1
Correction Officer II	1	-	5	3	1	2
Correction Officer I	-	6	17	21	2	3
Recreational Therapist	-	1	-	-	-	-
Recreational Therapy Asst.	-	-	2	-	-	-
Administrative Officer I	-	-	1	1	-	-
Laundry Supervisor II	-	-	1	-	-	-
Cook III	-	-	1	1	-	-
Psychologist II	-	-	-	1	-	-
Nurse II	-	-	-	-	1	1
Social Worker II	-	-	-	-	-	1
Instructor	-	-	-	-	-	2
Clerk I-II	-	-	-	-	-	1
TOTALS	4	10	30	31	7	14

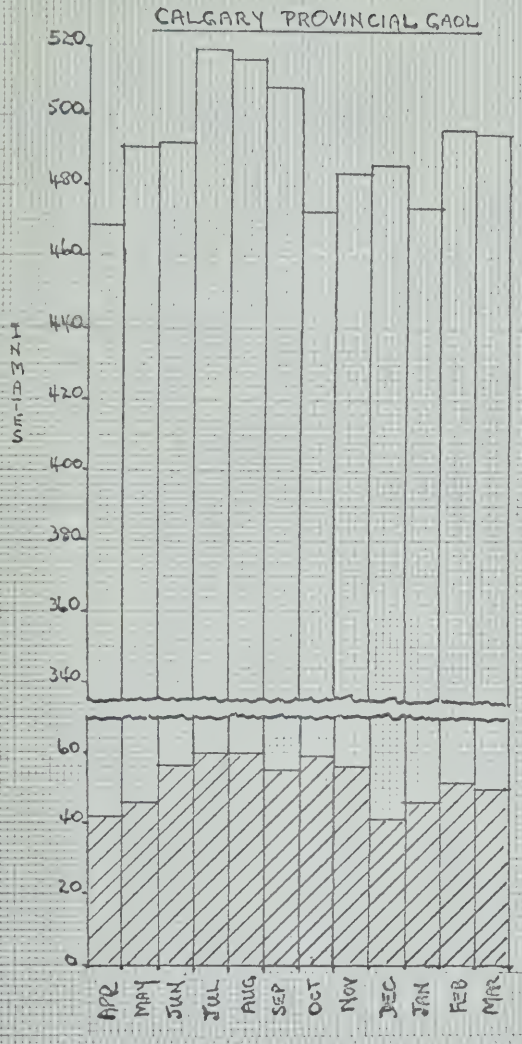
GRAND TOTAL 96

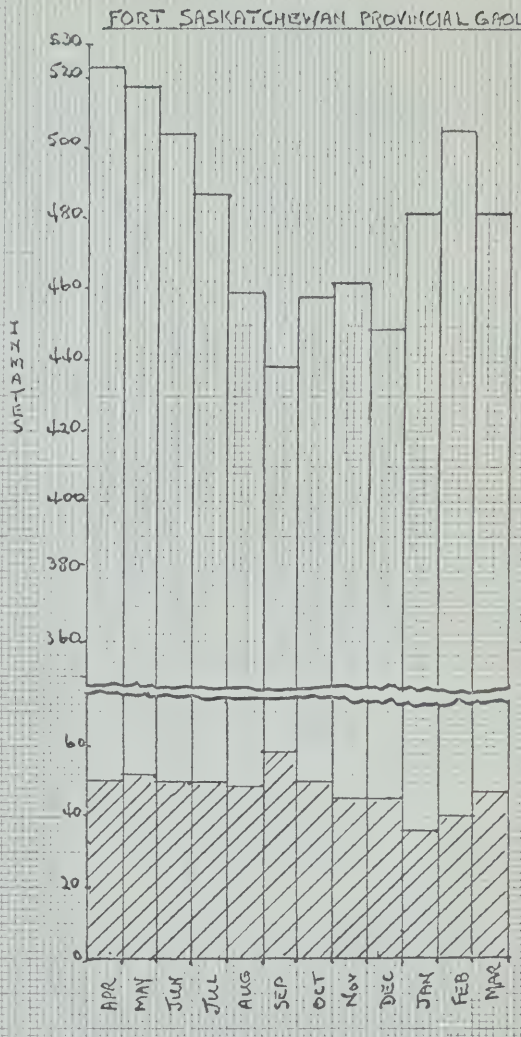
TOTAL DAILY AVERAGE IN ALL GAOLS AND INSTITUTIONS
APRIL 1968 - MARCH 1969

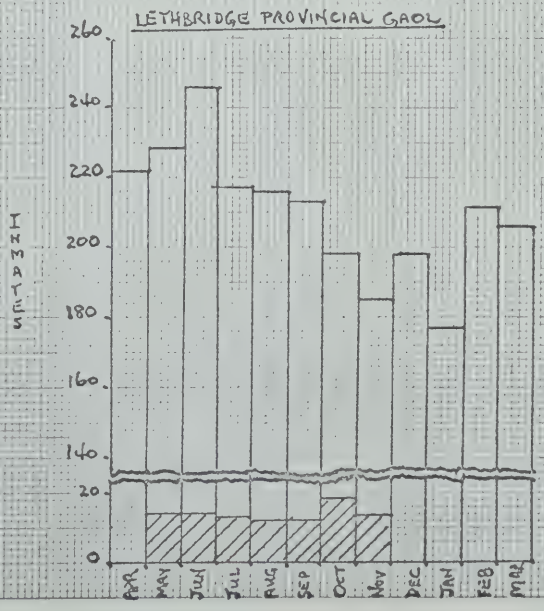


NOTE: ▨ = IN FORESTRY CAMP

DAILY AVERAGE POPULATION
APRIL 1968 - MARCH 1969







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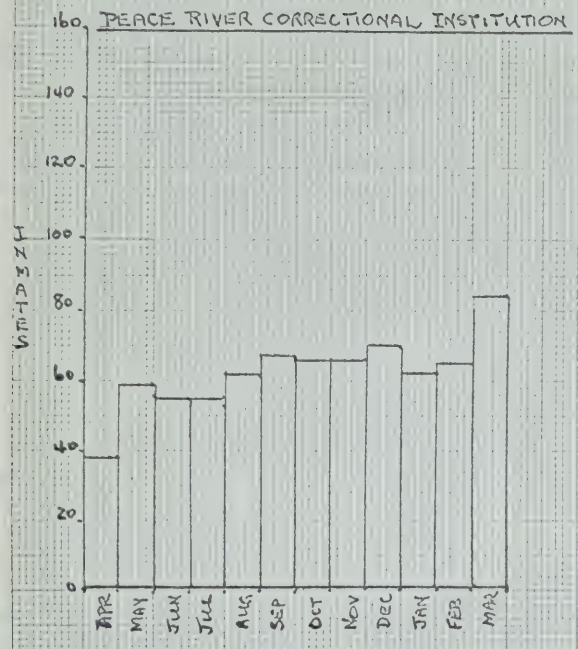
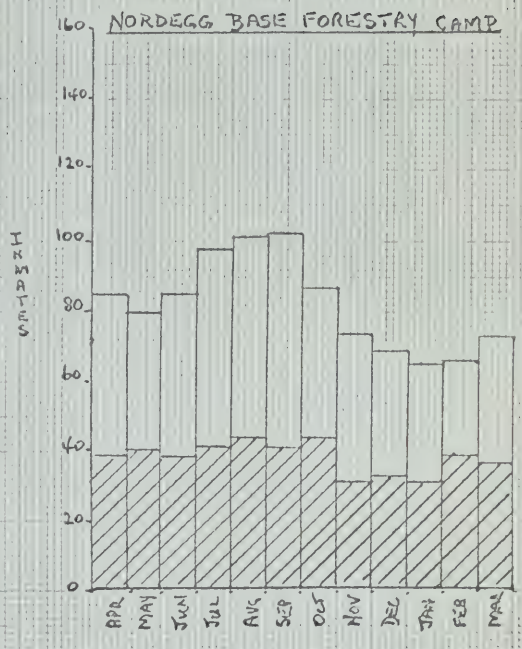
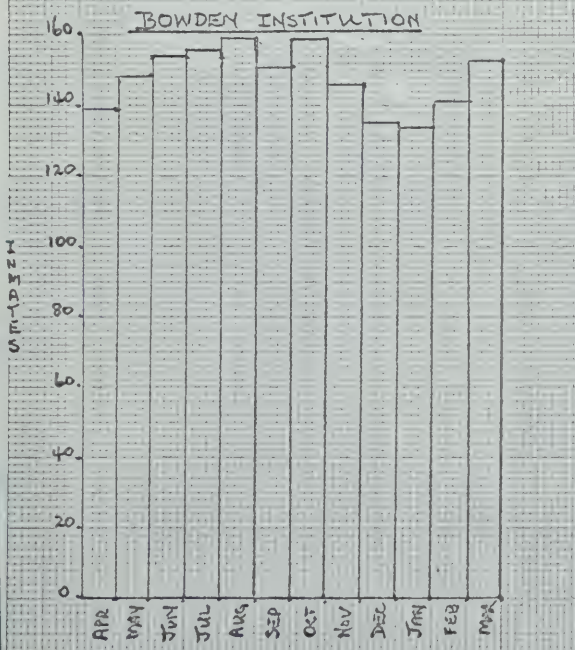
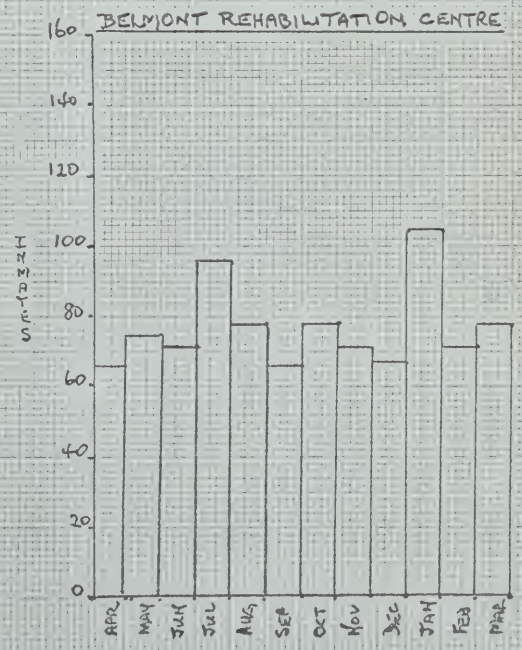
DAILY AVERAGE POPULATION
APRIL 1968 – MARCH 1969

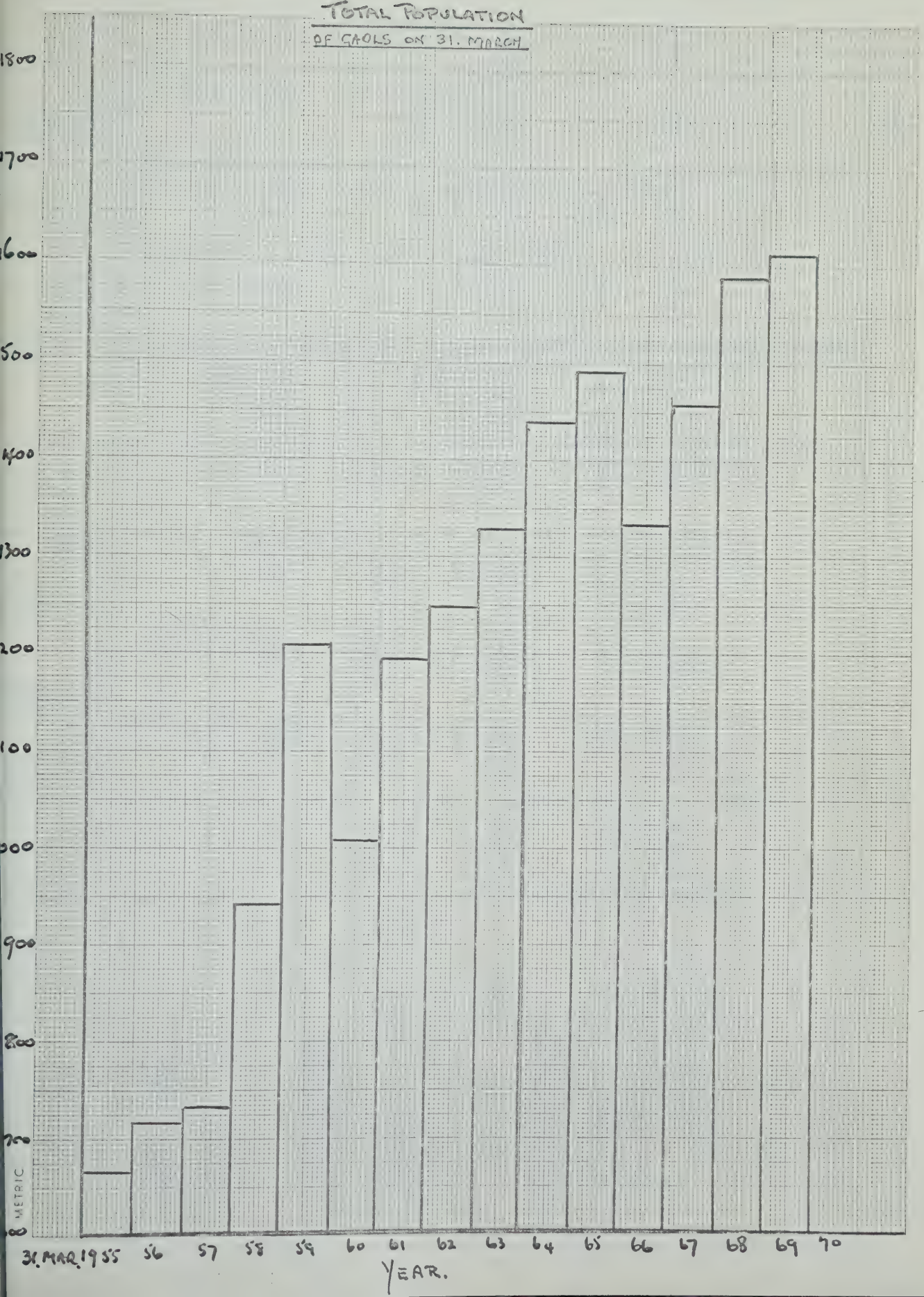




NOTE: ▨ = FORESTRY CAMP.






TOTAL POPULATION
OF GAOLS ON 31. MARCH
1800
1700
1600
1500
1400
1300
1200
1100
1000
900
800
700
METRIC
31. MAR. 1955
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
YEAR.

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
PRISONERS IN CUSTODY April 1, 1968										
Sentenced	437	210	449	48	27	1,171	87	133	79	299
Committed - Remanded	32	13	82	6		133				
TOTAL	469	223	531	54	27	1,304	87	133	79	299
PRISONERS ADMITTED DURING THE YEAR										
Sentenced	5,560	3,185	2,985	848	395	12,973	463	6		469
Committed - Remanded	1,054	461	2,407	190	47	4,159				
Transfers	55	47	33		28	163		280	224	504
Sentenced to Penitentiary	154	22	361	4		541				
Previously Shown	637	53	703	43	37	1,473	39	28	9	76
TOTAL	7,460	3,768	6,489	1,085	507	19,309	502	314	233	1,049
PRISONERS DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR										
Sentenced	6,241	3,320	3,785	880	396	14,622	473	298	238	1,009
Committed - Remanded	1,197	462	2,768	193	51	4,671				
TOTAL	7,438	3,782	6,553	1,073	447	19,293	473	298	238	1,009

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
PRISONERS IN CUSTODY March 31, 1969										
Sentenced	446	197	385	60	84	1,172	77	149	74	300
Committed - Remanded	45	12	82	6	2	147				
TOTAL	491	209	467	66	86	1,319	77	149	74	300
Daily Average Population For Year	492.07	209.69	480.25	61.50	61.89	1,305.40	76.52	147.66	82.10	306.28
Daily Average Turnover	40.81	28.31	43.19	7.49	2.41	2.21				
Prisoners in Forestry Camps	50	14	47	-	-	111			224	224
Indians Admitted	1,588	2,155	714	564	158	5,179	91	32	52	175
Metis Admitted	64	258	540	124	160	1,146	77	24	24	125
Total Indians and Metis Admitted	1,652	2,413	1,254	688	318	6,325	168	56	76	300
Number of First Offenders Admitted	1,308	669	1,035	260	271	3,543	11	58	34	103
Number of Repeaters Admitted	4,252	2,516	1,950	586	199	9,503	452	20	23	495
DISCHARGES										
Deceased		1				1				
Time Expired	4,514	2,476	2,008	746	309	10,053	397	166	169	732
Released by Appeal Court	13					13				
Released for Trial	721	438	2,215	163	52	3,589				
Fines Paid	621	641	226	63	39	1,590	18	1	1	20
Out to further charges	495	3	517	15	1	1,031	4			4
Paroled	65	14	32	11	10	132	18	38	27	83
Parole Reinstated			4	3		7				
Out to Witness	31		35	13		79				

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
Transferred to Bowden	153	44	163			360	1		2	3
Transferred to Belmont	60	34	361		1	456		1	5	6
Transferred to A.I.G.				3		3				
Transferred to Calgary		20	3			23	1	14	6	21
Transferred to Lethbridge	50					50	2	15		17
Transferred to Fort Sask.	5				14	19	32	26	20	78
Transferred to Peace River			64			64				
Transferred to Nordegg			150			150		1		1
Transferred to Alberta Hospital, Edmonton			38	5	4	47				
Transferred to Alberta Hospital, Ponoka	14	20				44				
Transferred to Hospital	35	16	59	17		127				
Transferred to Saskatchewan Penitentiary	174	22	167	2	6	371				
Out for Arraignment	104		98	1	1	204				
Out to Appeal Court	143	18	164	11	9	345		5		5
Out to Supreme Court	100					100				
Out on Judges Order				1		1		20	5	25
Escaped Custody	7	1	18			26		11	3	14
Released on Appeal Bail			10			10				
Released on Bail	133	26	168	14		341				
Released to Immigration		4	19	3		26				
Released by Clinic										
Released by A.G. Dept.			16		1	17				
Released by Court Order		1	3	1		5				
Transferred to RCMP cells			15			15				
Transferred to Charles Camsell Hospital		1				1				
Conviction Quashed		2		1		3				
Remand - Sentenced while in Custody										
TOTAL	7,438	3,782	6,553	1,073	447	19,293	473	298	238	1,009

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
SENTENCES										
Under 30 days	3,505	2,163	1,684	622	286	8,260	22	5		27
30 Days to Under 2 Months	1,048	698	235	142	161	2,284	65	1		66
2 Months to Under 3 Months	202	67	230	33	53	585	71		1	72
3 Months to Under 4 Months	266	92	219	11	48	636	105		22	127
4 Months to Under 5 Months	34	19	35	2	13	103	85	2	21	108
5 Months to Under 6 Months	10	8	179	19	2	218	6		7	13
6 Months to Under 9 Months	236	68	100	4	69	477	57	56	75	188
9 Months to Under 12 Months	31	21	189	11	52	304	10	42	22	74
12 Months to Under 2 Years	228	48	112	4	105	497	42	180	76	298
For Immigration										
Death Penalty			1			1				
Parole Act		1				1				
Over 2 Years Consecutive			1			1				
TOTAL	5,560	3,185	2,985	848	789	13,367	463	286	224	973
AGES										
12,13,14,15 Years Old	1		2			3	1			1
16 Years Old	88	62	85		22	257	1	48	5	54
17 Years Old	146	114	148	1	27	436	7	48	14	69
18 Years Old	184	150	217	42	43	636	13	62	14	89
19 Years Old	208	175	167	48	33	631	20	35	24	79
20 Years Old	212	144	176	42	26	600	19	38	23	80
21 Years Old	215	156	151	71	32	625	32	28	21	81
22 Years Old	167	148	159	43	26	543	32	9	15	56
23 Years Old	110	113	125	36	31	415	15	7	11	33
24 Years Old	133	124	109	48	18	432	17	7	4	28
25 Years Old	144	104	104	41	19	412	21	4	9	34
26 to 29 Years Old	531	402	320	118	61	1,432	54		24	78
30 to 34 Years Old	595	360	298	114	37	1,404	56		17	73

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correctiona Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
35 to 39 Years Old	637	319	258	80	29	1,323	45		13	58
40 to 44 Years Old	661	285	240	74	22	1,282	44		17	61
45 to 49 Years Old	661	167	182	33	19	1,062	35		7	42
50 to 54 Years Old	375	127	119	38	11	670	29		1	30
55 to 59 Years Old	254	120	69	11	11	465	14		4	18
60 to 69 Years Old	222	103	54	8	3	390	8		1	9
70 Years and Over	16	12	2			30				
TOTAL	5,560	3,185	2,985	848	470	13,048	463	286	224	973
EDUCATION										
None	104	146	108	32	23	413	11		3	14
Grade I	18	39	13	12	4	86	3		1	4
Grade II	49	64	44	14	9	180	7		1	8
Grade III	87	47	72	19	10	235	11		5	16
Grade IV	153	211	100	34	21	519	13	1	5	19
Grade V	224	151	121	56	26	578	19	1	8	28
Grade VI	371	264	181	97	57	970	30	6	21	57
Grade VII	509	525	304	147	75	1,560	40	39	26	105
Grade VIII	1,503	763	714	175	103	3,258	123	73	55	251
Grade IX	922	417	475	122	69	2,005	55	62	33	150
Grade X	796	264	412	75	49	1,596	72	64	34	170
Grade XI	421	174	243	33	18	889	48	27	19	94
Grade XII	335	108	174	32	5	654	26	13	13	52
College or University	68	12	24		1	105	5			5
HABITS										
Intemperate	3,072	1,436	1,577	806	181	7,072	463	9	37	509
Temperate	2,408	1,709	1,214	41	286	5,658		244	176	420
Total Abstainer	80	40	194	1	3	318		33	11	44

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
MARITAL STATUS										
Single	3,651	1,661	2,085	435	368	8,200	226	264	162	652
Married	1,057	1,117	587	336	67	3,164	95	17	34	146
Separated	624	269	213	29	26	1,161	71	4	22	97
Widowed	101	77	47	33	4	262	2	1		3
Divorced	127	61	53	15	5	261	22		6	28
Common Law							47			47
RELIGION										
Roman Catholic	2,433	1,904	1,763	551	355	7,006	245	109	125	479
United Church	1,670	279	475	65	40	2,529	87	60	39	186
Anglican	730	624	213	172	29	1,768	49	26	14	89
Presbyterian	131	57	39	10	7	244	12	6	4	22
Lutheran	247	60	85	10	11	413	14	14	6	34
Baptist	79	16	72	16	6	189	15	9	4	28
Greek Catholic	2	2	12	1	4	21	3			3
Greek Orthodox	34	8	71	2		115	11	3	1	15
Other Christian Creeds	106	99	52		12	269	27	18	6	51
Non Christian Creeds	1		1	18		20		1		1
None	127	136	202	3	6	474		40	25	65
COUNTRY OF BIRTH										
Canada	5,093	3,082	2,831	812	464	12,282	440	279	211	930
Great Britain & Ireland	99	18	38	6	4	165	10	2	2	14
Other British Countries	56		8	9		73				
United States	91	27	16	13		147	13	1	2	16
Europe	218	56	91	8	2	375		3	8	11
Asia	2					2		1		1
Others	1		1			2			1	1

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correction Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
OFFENCES										
Criminal Code Part II Public Order										
Carry Offensive Weapon	33	5	33	3	2	76	4	5	5	14
Pointing a Firearm		1	2		3	6	1		1	2
Unregistered Firearm	2	3	1		1	7				
Possession of Explosives		1				1				
Possession of Narcotics										
Forcible Entry					2	2				
TOTAL	35	10	36	3	8	92	5	5	6	16
Criminal Code Part III Law and Justice										
Obstructing a Peace Officer	12	3	39	2	12	68	4		2	6
Resisting Arrest	2	1	4			7				
Escaping Custody	17	4	25		5	51				
Public Mischief	17	1	46	1	2	67		1	1	2
Skipping Bail		2	1	2		5				
False Statement			6			6	1			1
Perjury			3			3	1			1
Violation of Parole				1		1				
TOTAL	48	11	124	6	19	208	6	1		7

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correction Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
Criminal Code Part IV Sexual Offences, Public Morals & Disorderly Conduct										
Seduction			3			3				
Incest					1	1				
Indecent Assault on a Female	8	5	15		5	33	4	5	12	21
Indecent Assault on a Male	3		1			4	1			1
Gross Indecency		1	1	1		3				
Indecent Act	12	3	6	4	1	26				
Creating a Disturbance	116	55	150	57	14	392	1	1	2	4
Prowl At Night	4	8				12				
Trespassing		2	4			6	2			2
Vagrancy	88	47	71	48	6	260	3		2	5
Intercourse with Female Under 14	4					4		5	1	6
Attempted Rape										
Rape	1	1	1			3			2	2
Obscene Literature			1			1				
TOTAL	236	122	253	110	27	748	11	11	19	41

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
Criminal Code Part V Disorderly Houses, Gaming and Betting										
Keeping a Bawdy House			1	2		3				
Found in a Bawdy House										
Living off Avails			1			1				
Keeping a Betting House	3					3				
Procuring										
Found in a Gaming House			1			1				
TOTAL	3		3	2		8				
Criminal Code Part VI Against the Person and Reputation										
Criminal Negligence	8		2	1	1	12	1		1	2
Neglect to Provide										
Murder			1			1				
Manslaughter	1			1		2			2	2
Attempt to WoundAtte										
Attempt Suicide		2	1			3	1			1
Bodily Harm with Intent .										
Assault Causing Bodily Harm	74	49	130	13	18	284	27	10	32	69
Assault Causing Grievous Bodily Harm										
Assault - Common	66	27	110	9	31	243	15	1		16
Wounding			2			2				
Assaulting a Peace Officer	21	10	42	7	1	81	12	4	2	19
Bigamy	1		3			4	3			3

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
Failing to Remain at Scene of an Accident	35	4	18	1	1	59	4	5	5	14
Abduction										
Driving While Intoxicated	8	13	44	3	3	71	2			2
Driving While Impaired	157	97	178	6	28	466	31	1	4	36
Driving While Disqualified	119	76	153	2	22	372	15	5	2	22
Dangerous Driving	27	7	20			54				
Defiance of Maintenance Order										
Assault With Intent to Wound	1					1				
Unlawfully Seizing a Person	2					2				
Care and Control of Motor Vehicle While Impaired			3	1		4				
TOTAL	519	285	707	44	105	1,660	111	26	49	186
Criminal Code Part VII The Right of Property										
Conversion of Funds			4			4				
Theft Under $50	311	95	361	44	41	852	57	56	32	145
Theft Over $50 (Includes Theft of Auto)	138	94	322	30	70	654	37	123	50	210
Theft by Person Required to Account										
Attempted Theft	25		24	1	5	55		24	1	25
Theft From Mails	1		1			2		3		3
Take Motor Vehicle Without Consent of Owner	16	4	27	3	10	60	4	9		13
Threats By Telephone			1			1				
Robbery With Violence	11	6	40	4	3	64	4	17	6	27

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correction Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
Armed Robbery		10				10	1			1
Attempted Robbery	1		2			3				
Housebreaking										
Break, Enter and Theft	111	121	434		58	724	27	319	112	458
Break and Enter with Intent	33	8	147		6	194	4	12	7	23
Attempted Break and Enter With Intent										
Possession of Housebreaking Instruments	2		2			4		1		1
Possession of Stolen Property	141	42	184	6	22	395	22	60	23	105
Attempted False Pretences										
False Pretences	127	176	592	134	45	1,074	25	189	141	355
Obtaining Food and Lodging By Fraud	57	20	68	8	4	157				
Forgery		13	38		13	64	2	25	18	45
Possession of Instruments to Commit Forgery			2			2				
Indecent Telephone Calls	1	6				7				
Uttering a Forged Document	36	32	148	27	7	250	11	30	42	83
Unlawfully in a Dwelling	3	3	4			10			1	1
Fraud Re: Cattle 284-1		1				1				
Bringing Stolen Goods into Canada 299		1				1				
Theft of Telecommunications	1					1				
Robbery					3	3				
Extortion			1			1				
Enter a Dwelling With Intent			1			1				
TOTAL	1,015	632	2,403	257	287	3,520	194	868	433	1,495

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
Criminal Code Part VIII Fraudulent Transactions										
Fraud	6	9	18	1	3	37	3	4		7
Obtain Transportation by Fraud	12	3	7	2		24	1			1
TOTAL	18	12	25	3	3	61	4	4		8
Criminal Code Part IX Wilful and Forbidden Acts in Respect of Certain Property										
Cruelty to Animals			1			1				
Damage to Property	48	33	56	5	10	152	13		4	17
Ringing in False Alarms			1			1				
Arson	1		1			2		5		5
Mischief		9				9	2			2
TOTAL	49	42	59	5	10	155	15	5	4	24
Criminal Code Part X Offences Relating to Currency										
Extortion										
Possession of Counterfeit Money										
Possession of Instruments For Counterfeiting	1					1				
TOTAL	1					1				

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol [illegible]	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Borden Institution	[illegible]	[illegible]
Criminal Code Part XI Attempts and Conspiracies										
Attempts	13	20				33				
Conspiracy	4				8	12	1			1
Accessory After the Fact				1		1				
TOTAL	17	20		1	8	46	1			1
Criminal Code - Others										
Theft of Services.		1				1				
Contempt of Court		1	1	1		3				
Break of Recognizance	1		3			4		4	1	5
TOTAL	1	2	4	1		8		4	1	5

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol Annex	Peace River Correctional Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
Federal Statutes										
Indian Act	1	17	25	4	8	55				
Indian Act (Intoxication)	11	199	18	25	2	255				
Immigration Act	5		3	1		9				
Railway Act	110	8	20			138	1			1
Juvenile Delinquents Act	14	16	23		4	57	2	4	1	7
Parole Act (Violation)	10	4	5			19				
Excise Act			1			1				
Unemployment Insurance Act	2					2				
Game Act										
Income Tax Act	1					1				
Narcotic Control Act	28	5	58	10	2	103	2	8		10
National Parks Act	36					36				
Food and Drug Act								7		7
Securities Act		1				1				
Public Health Act	10					10				
Defence Establishment Trespassing Regulations			2			2				
Parks Act			1			1				
TOTAL	228	250	151	40	16	685	5	19	1	25
Provincial Statutes										
Alberta Gov t Telephone Act										
Alberta Gov't Liquor Act (Intoxication)	3,442	1,986	594	513	90	6,625	79	1	8	88
Public Health Act		1	4			5				
Alberta Liquor Act	505	264	610	108	130	1,617	19	29	17	65
Maintenance Orders Act		2				2				
Vehicle & Highway Traffic Act	522	1	8	2	74	607	6	54	24	84

	Calgary Provincial Gaol	Lethbridge Provincial Gaol	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol MALE	Fort Sask. Provincial Gaol FEMALE	Peace River Correction Institution	TOTAL	Belmont Rehab. Centre	Bowden Institution	Nordegg Forestry Camp	TOTAL
Highway Traffic Act		382	716	32		1,130				
Fuel Oil Tax Act	2	3			2	7		1		1
Milk Control Act										
Motor Vehicle Accident Claims Act	61	22	58		9	150		3	1	4
P.S.V. Act		7				7				
Alimony Enforcement Act	14	1	1		1	17			1	1
Child Welfare Act	5	2	2	8	3	20	1			1
Alberta Liquor Act (Disturbance)			35	13		48				
Alberta Game Act	2	1	5			8				
Alberta Fisheries Act										
Alberta Liquor Act (Illegal Possession)		214				214				
Domestic Relations Act		3	1			4	6			6
Deserted Wives Act		1				1				
Public Welfare Act			2		1	3				
Alberta Forests Act			8			8				
Family Court Order			30			30				
TOTAL	4,553	2,890	2,074	716	310	10,543	111	88	51	250
Town And City Bylaws	56	31	62	1		150		2		2
GRAND TOTAL OF OFFENCES FOR THE YEAR	6,780	4,307	5,906	1,149	793	18,935	463	1,059	567	2,089

CORRECTIONS BRANCH
ADULT GAOLS AND INSTITUTIONS
EXPENDITURE REPORT

	BELMONT	BOWDEN	CALGARY	FORT SASK	LETHBRIDGE	NORDEGG	PEACE RIVER	TOTAL
Attorney General's Department	$376,987.94	627,156.25	1,097,952.72	1,379,779.30	620,970.27	229,929.92	361,146.00	4,693,922.40
Dept. of Public Wks.	$121,649.32	73,449.07	126,725.01	249,444.95	209,886.14	87,327.34	226,154.42	1,094,636.25
Gross Operating Total	$498,637.26	700,605.32	1,224,677.73	1,629,224.25	830,856.41	310,257.26	587,300.42	5,781,558.65
Less Revenue	$ 6,731.16	28,697.95	17,231.91	195,964.38	39,598.69	2,952.50	4,094.84	295,271.43
Net Operating Total	$491,906.10	671,907.37	1,207,445.82	1,433,259.87	791,257.72	307,304.76	583,205.58	5,486,287.22
INMATE COST								
Average Daily Inmate Population	76.62	147.65	492.07	549.15	209.69	82.07	61.89	1,619.14
Operating Cost Per Day	1,347.69	1,840.842	3,308.07	3,926.73	2,167.83	841.93	1,597.55	15,030.64
Cost Per Inmate Per Day	17.59	12.46	6.67	7.15	10.33	10.26	25.81	(Average) 12.89
Cost Per Inmate Per Year	6,420.74	4,547.90	2,433.49	2,609.53	3,770.45	3,744.90	9,420.65	32,947.66
Daily Average Dietary Cost	.8383	.8835	.983	Camp 1.0362 Gaol .7613	Camp 1.2795 Gaol .6847	1.34	1.28	.9674

CORRECTIONS BRANCH
JUVENILE INSTITUTIONS
EXPENDITURE REPORT

	A.I.G.	BOWDEN	TOTAL
Attorney General's Dept.	$409,634.03	323,533.46	733,167.49
Dept. of Public Works	$ 66,288.40	55,052.02	121,340.42
Gross Operating Total	$475,922.43	378,585.48	854,507.91
Less Revenue	$ 3,745.79		3,745.79
Net Operating Total	$472,176.64	378,585.48	850,762.12
INMATE COST			
Average Daily Inmate Population	54.23	76.29	65 26(av.)
Operating Cost Per Day	$ 1,293.63	1,037.22	2,330.85
Operating Cost Per Day Per Inmate	$ 23.85	13.59	37.44
Cost Per Inmate Per Year	$ 8,705.25	4,960.35	13,665.60
Daily Average Dietary Cost	.6845	1.1580	92.12 (Av)

STATISTICS OF PROVINCIAL JUVENILE INSTITUTIONS

	Alberta Institution For Girls	Bowden Institution	TOTAL
JUVENILES IN CUSTODY April 1, 1968			
Sentenced Committed	82	82	164
TOTAL	82	82	164
JUVENILES ADMITTED DURING THE YEAR			
Direct From Court	56	123	179
Direct From Yukon	2		2
Probationers Returned	37	21	58
Eloped From Privilege And Returned	7	1	8
Eloped From Institution And Returned		1	1
Eloped From Hospital and Returned	1		1
Returned From Hospital	16	6	22
Returned From Leave	242	17	259
Returned From Alberta Hospital	2		2
Returned From Court Appearance	5		5
Transferred From Maple Ridge			
Transferred From Fort Sask. Gaol			
Returned From Judges Order On Remand	5	4	9
TOTAL	373	173	546

	Alberta Institution For Girls	Bowden Institution	TOTAL
JUVENILES DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR			
Committed	16	155	171
TOTAL	16	155	171
Details			
Released Definite Term Expired		27	27
Reached Age Limit	16	12	28
Released (Trial Basis)	4		4
Returned Home (Trial Basis)	56	51	107
Placed In Employment	1		1
Placed In Grouard	1		1
Placed In Foster Home	21	6	27
Eloped From Institution		1	1
Eloped From Privilege	17		17
Eloped From Medical Appointment			
Eloped From Work Placement	1		1
Eloped From Hospital	1		1
Out On Leave	241	20	261
Out For Court Appearance	7	1	8
Out For Court (Remand Cases)	3		3
Transferred to Alberta Hospital	3	1	4
Released Supt's Order (Bill 59)		11	11
Transferred to William Roper Hull Home		3	3
Transferred to Woods Christian Home		1	1
Transferred to Provincial Gaol		1	1
Transferred to Oak Hill Boys Home		3	3
Transferred to Diagnostic Centre		2	2
Transferred to Hospital	9	6	15

	Alberta Institution For Girls	Bowden Institution	TOTAL
Sentence Quashed		1	1
Out on Judges Order		8	8
TOTAL	391	155	546
JUVENILES IN CUSTODY March 31, 1969			
Sentenced Committed	64	100	164
TOTAL	64	100	164
CHARGES ON ADMISSION			
Criminal Code Part II Public Order			
Possession of Offensive Weapon	6	1	7
Illegal Possession of Narcotics			
Criminal Code Part III Law and Justice			
Public Mischief		1	1
Escape Lawful Custody		2	2
Obstructing Peace Officer	1		1
Criminal Code Part IV Sexual Offences, Public Morals			
Indecent Assault of Female		2	2
Causing Disturbance	1	1	2
Sexual Immorality	8		8
Vagrancy	5		5

	Alberta Institution For Girls	Bowden Institution	TOTAL
Criminal Code Part VI Against the Person and Reputation			
Non Capital Murder		1	1
Dangerous Driving		1	1
Assault	2	4	6
Criminal Code Part VII Against the Right of Property			
Theft Over $50		94	94
Theft Under $50	2	29	31
Taking Motor Vehicle Without Consent	6	4	10
Robbery		2	2
Breaking and Entering With Intent	6	10	16
Breaking, Entering and Committing Offence		71	71
Possession of Stolen Property		24	24
False Pretenses	3	1	4
Uttering Forged Document		2	2
Shoplifting	4		4
Criminal Code Part IX Wilful and Forbidden Acts			
Wilful Damage	2	10	12
Arson		1	1

	Alberta Institution For Girls	Bowden Institution	TOTAL
Criminal Code Part XI			
Attempts - Conspiracies			
Attempts		7	7
Criminal Code Part XX			
Punishments, Fines, Etc.			
Breach of Probation	1		1
Provincial Statutes			
Alberta Liquor Act	9	1	10
Highway Traffic Act		10	10
School Act	1		1
Juvenile Delinquents Act	1		1
Federal Statutes			
Narcotic Control Act		6	6

	Alberta Institution For Girls	Bowden Institution	TOTAL
EDUCATION (Grades Completed On Admission)			
None	1		1
Grade III	2	1	3
Grade IV	2	1	3
Grade V	5	6	11
Grade VI	9	33	42
Grade VII	15	47	62
Grade VIII	15	37	52
Grade IX	4	9	13
Grade X	6	6	12
Grade XI	1		1
RELIGION			
Roman Catholic	31	60	91
United Church	1	20	21
Anglican	7	16	23
Presbyterian	1	2	3
Lutheran		3	3
Baptist		6	6
Other	15	7	22
Nil	2	30	32
Greek Orthodox	1		1
COUNTRY OF BIRTH			
Canada	57	139	196
Yukon	1		1
Great Britain & Ireland		3	3
Europe		2	2
Number of Indians Admitted	10	25	35
Number of Metis Admitted	20	15	35

	Alberta Institution For Girls	Bowden Institution	TOTAL	
FAMILY ASSOCIATIONS				
Parents Living Together	32	73	105	
Widowed	4	9	13	
Separated	12	27	39	
Divorced	4	18	22	
Common Law	4	3	7	
Deserted	1		1	
Deceased	1		1	
Not Known		13	13	
Illegitimate		1	1	
BOY/GIRL RAISED BY				
Father & Mother	34	77	111	
Father Only	2	4	6	
Mother Only	9	22	31	
Mother & Step Father	2	10	12	
Father & Step Mother		1	1	
Relatives		3	3	
Foster Home	1	2	3	
Welfare	10	10	20	
Adoptive Parents				
Unknown		1	1	
Daily Average Population For the Year	54.27	76.07	65.17	(Av.)
Daily Average Turnover		1.21		
Number of First Offenders Admitted	57	121	178	
Number of Repeaters Admitted	1	23	24	

	Alberta Institution For Girls	Bowden Institution	TOTAL
SENTENCES			
Indefinite	11	73	84
Definite	71	65	136
Definite/Indefinite		5	5
Other		1	1
TOTAL	82	144	226
AGES			
12 Years Old		5	5
13 Years Old	6	15	21
14 Years Old	12	43	55
15 Years Old	15	79	94
16 Years Old	17	2	19
17 Years Old	8		8

FARMS

CULTIVATION AND PRODUCTION

	BELMONT	BOWDEN	CALGARY	FORT SASK.	LETHBRIDGE	PEACE RIVER	TOTAL
ACREAGE							
Owned	98	795	2,560	1,435	1,100	392	6,380
Rented							
CULTIVATION - Acres							
Wheat				170			170
Oats		138		291	196	52	677
Barley		177		181	87		445
Potatoes	25	22	25	35	30	6	143
Garden	6	5	20	20	16	3	70
Fallow	31½	37	250	326	119	29	792 ½
Hay		105	228	198	162		693
Pasture - Seeded			717		81.36	(Sod) 20	818.4
- Natural		127	1,271	191	200		1,789
Cannery Crop					35		35
TOTAL	62½	611	2,511	1,412	926.36	110	5,632.9

	BELMONT	BOWDEN	CALGARY	FORT SASK.	LETHBRIDGE	PEACE RIVER	TOTAL
PRODUCTION - Bushels							
Wheat				4,226			4,226
Oats		5,400		10,076	8,164	*	23,640
Barley		8,800		4,934	5,553.39		19,287.39
TOTAL		14,200		19,236	13,717.39		47,153.39
VALUE		$10,456		$21,172.95	$9,341.11	$630	$41,600.06
- Lbs.							
Greenfeed		50,000					50,000
Hay		276,000		55,000	313,260		644,260
Straw		220,000		286,000			506,000
VEGETABLES - Lbs.							
Beans - Wax					43,265		43,265
Cabbage	13,599	8,595	34,417	65,509	10,820	8,335	141,275
Carrots	14,115	17,110	22,151	82,090	46,186	23,484	205,136
Beans - Green	134	526	327		24,595	997	26,579
Pumpkin						42	42
Turnips	9,000	17,690	13,425	69,691	6,647	7,141	123,594
Beets	13,010	2,990	3,800	6,670	22,390	4,850	53,710
Cauliflower	1,180	390	332		1,315		3,217
Lettuce	480	1,343	728		1,254	85	3,890
Celery	157		294		1,860		2,311
Tomatoes	275		1,562		16,670	267	18,774

*Standing Crop Sold

	BELMONT	BOWDEN	CALGARY	FORT SASK.	LETHBRIDGE	PEACE RIVER	TOTAL
Onions	2,542	3,550	2,396	21,856	18,900	1,424	50,668
Onions - Green					286	381	667
Parsnips	600	1,265		7,095	1,330	2,335	12,625
Greens	365	1,280					1,645
Corn	1,950	545			97,250	566	100,311
Peas	99	1,905	1,097		7,829	1,299	12,229
Radishes	152	350	1,204		285	74	2,065
Rhubarb	182	830	33		6,398		7,443
Potatoes	393,505	214,115	172,100	633,024	457,500	89,169	1,959,413
Cucumber			823		3,286	558	4,667
Peppers						4	4
Parsley					68		68
Spinach					1,150		1,150
Swiss Chard					655		655
Miscellaneous		728		17,069			17,797
TOTAL	452,345	273,212	254,689	903,003	770,319	141,021	2,794,589
VALUE	$9,046.90	$6,128.03	$ 4,131.41	$25,352.41	$15,406.38	$4,230.63	$64,295.76
MILK PRODUCTION							
Gallons		36,468	10,278	29,922	29,228		105,896
Value (96cents per gallon)		$35,009.28	$10,894.60	$28,725.12	$28,058.89		$102,687.89
Average Cows Milked		22	31	19	25		97

	BELMONT	BOWDEN	CALGARY	FORT SASK.	LETHBRIDGE	PEACE RIVER	TOTAL
EGG PRODUCTION							
Dozens		12,003					12,003
Value		$3,000.75					$3,000.75
BUTTER PRODUCTION							
Lbs.					8,949		8,949
Value					$2,237.25		$2,237.25
SALES OF PRODUCE							
Canned Vegetables					$14,253		$14,253
Horses				$412			$412
Cattle - Number		20	1	25	70		116
- Revenue		$1,327.45	$130.99	$3,404.68	$12,046.10		$16,909.10
Hens - Number		254					254
- Revenue		$ 76.20					$ 76.20
Hogs - Number		3		313	241		557
- Revenue		$ 90.82		$13,490.54	$6,525.71		$20,107.07
Eggs		$154.65					$154.65
Butter					$598.00		$598.00
Vegetables				$1,397.97			$1,397.97

	BELMONT	BOWDEN	CALGARY	FORT SASK.	LETHBRIDGE	PEACE RIVER	TOTAL
LIVESTOCK							
Cattle		61		62	150		273
Horses				4	7		11
Hogs							
Poultry		767					767
VALUE		$15,633.50		$12,494.50	$31,965		$60,093
Value of Farm Equipment	$10,251.05	$11,227.61	$11,475.00	$36,090.86	$70,550.88		$139,595.40

DATE DUE

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